SAFETY DATA SHEET

Sand and Gravel

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Sand and Gravel Other means of identification : Sand and Gravel

Identified uses : Used in the production of concrete, construction, and landscaping.

Supplier's details : Pete Lien & Sons. Inc.

PO Box 440

Rapid City, SD 57702

: (605) 342-7224 (Monday-Friday 8am-5pm) **Emergency telephone**

number (hours of operation)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health Hazards Carcinogenicity Category 1A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Category 2

Repeated Exposure

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have

been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Restrict or control access to stockpile areas. Engulfment hazard: To prevent burial or

> suffocation, do not enter a confined space, such as a silo, bulk truck or other storage container or vessel that stores or contains aggregates without an effective procedure for

assuring safety.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise None known.

classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Respirable Crystalline Silica (RCS) may cause cancer. Sand and Gravel is a naturally occurring mineral complex that contains varying quantities of quartz (crystalline silica). In its natural bulk state, sand and gravel is not a known health hazard. Sand and Gravel may be subjected to various natural or mechanical forces that produce small particles (dust) which may contain respirable crystalline silica (particles less than 10 micrometers in aerodynamic diameter). Repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica (quartz) may cause lung cancer according to IARC and NTP; ACGIH states that it is a suspected cause of cancer. Other forms of RCS (e.g., tridymite and cristobalite) may also be present or formed under certain industrial processes.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

treatment needed

Chemical nameCAS number%Sand and GravelNone> 99Crystalline Silica (Quartz)14808-60-7> 1

Section 4. First aid measures

InhalationSand and Gravel dust: Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.Skin contactSand and Gravel dust: Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation

develops and persists.

Eye contact Sand and Gravel dust: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Hold

eyelids apart. Occasionally lift the eyelid(s) to ensure thorough rinsing. Beyond flushing, do not attempt to remove material from the eye(s). Get medical attention if irritation develops or

persists.

Ingestion Sand and Gravel dust: Rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, Inhaling dust may cause discomfort in the chest, shortness of breath, and

coughing.

acute and delayed Prolonged inhalation may cause chronic health effects. This product contains

crystalline silica. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica liberated from this product can cause silicosis, and may cause cancer.

Indication of immediate Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim

medical attention and special under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take

precautions to protect themselves. Pre-existing medical conditions that may be aggravated by exposure include disorders of the eye, skin and lung (including asthma and other breathing disorders). If addicted to tobacco, smoking will

impair the ability of the lungs to clear themselves of dust.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Sand and Gravel is not flammable. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for

surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Not a combustible dust.

chemical

Use protective equipment appropriate for surrounding materials.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

No specific precautions.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up of materials that and emergency procedures contain or may liberate sand and gravel dust.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spilled material, where dust is generated, may overexpose cleanup personnel to respirable crystalline silica-containing dust. Do not dry sweep or use compressed air for clean-up. Wetting of spilled material and/or use of respiratory protective equipment

may be necessary.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge of fine particulate matter into drains or water courses.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep

> formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage Avoid dust formation or accumulation.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

- 1 Value equivalent to OSHA formulas (29 CFR 1910.1000; 29 CFR 1917; 29 CFR 1918).
- 2 Value also applies to MSHA Metal / Non-Metal (1973 TLVs at 30 CFR 56/57.5001).
- 3 OSHA enforces 0.250 mg/m³ in construction and shipyards (CPL-03-00-007).
- 4 Value also applies to OSHA construction (29 CFR 1926.55 Appendix A) and shipyards (29 CFR 1915.1000, Table Z).
- $5 MSHA limit = 10 mg/m^3$.

U.S. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Particulates not otherwise classified	PEL	5 mg/m³	Respirable fraction
(CAS SEQ250)		15 mg/m³	Total dust (4)

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	TWA	0.3 mg/m^3	Total dust (1,2)
(CAS 14808-60-7)		0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable (1,2,3)
Tridymite and Cristobalite (other for	ms TWA	0.15 mg/m ³	Total dust (1)
of crystalline silica) (CAS Mixture)		0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable (1,2)
Particulates not otherwise classified	TWA	5 mg/m³	Respirable fraction (1)
(CAS SEQ250)		15 mg/m³	Total dust (1,4,5)
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values®			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline Silica (all forms; CAS mixto	ure) TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction
Particulates not otherwise classified	TWA	3 mg/m³	Respirable particles (2)
(CAS SEQ250)		10 mg/m³	Inhalable particles (2)
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemica	al Hazards		
Components	Tyne	Value	Form

Components Type Value Form

Crystalline Silica (all forms; CAS mixture) TWA 0.05 mg/m³ Respirable dust

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines OSHA PELs, MSHA PELs, and ACGIH TLVs are 8-hr TWA values. NIOSH RELs are for TWA exposures up to 10-hr/day and 40-hr/wk. Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. Terms including "Particulates Not Otherwise Classified," "Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated,"

"Particulates Not Otherwise Specified," and "Inert or Nuisance Dust" are often used interchangeably; however, the user should review each agency's terminology for differences in meanings.

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour indoors) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protectionOtherUse personal protective equipment as required.Use personal protective equipment as required.

Respiratory protection When handling or performing work with sand and gravel that produces dust or respirable

crystalline silica in excess of applicable exposure limits, wear a NIOSH-approved respirator that is properly fitted and is in good condition. Respirators must be used in accordance with

all applicable workplace regulations.

Thermal hazards Not anticipated. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid.

Form Solid, particles.

Color To be completed by company.

Odor Not applicable.

Odor threshold Not applicable. рΗ Not available. Melting point/freezing point Not applicable. Initial boiling point and boiling Not applicable.

range

Flash point Non-combustible **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit – lower (%) Not applicable. Flammability limit – upper (%) Not applicable. Vapor pressure Not applicable. Vapor density Not applicable. **Relative density** Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Insoluble

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature** Not applicable. Viscosity Not applicable.

Other information

Explosive properties Not applicable. **Flammability** Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Repeated inhalation of respirable crystalline silica (quartz) may cause silicosis, a fibrosis

> (scarring) of the lungs. Silicosis is irreversible and may be fatal. Silicosis increases the risk of contracting pulmonary tuberculosis. Some studies suggest that repeated

inhalation of respirable crystalline silica may cause other adverse health effects including

lung and kidney cancer.

Skin contact Sand and Gravel dust: May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion. Eye contact Sand and Gravel dust: May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.

Ingestion Not likely, due to the form of the product. However, accidental ingestion of the content

may cause discomfort.

Symptoms related to the Sand and Gravel dust: Discomfort in the chest. Shortness of breath. Coughing.

physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Skin corrosion/irritation This product is not expected to be a skin hazard.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitizationNo respiratory sensitizing effects known. **Skin sensitization**Not known to be a dermal irritant or sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than

0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Respirable crystalline silica has been classified by IARC and NTP as a known human

carcinogen, and classified by ACGIH as a suspected human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans. Respirable Tridymite and Cristobalite 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

(other forms of Crystalline) (CAS Mixture)

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Crystalline Silica(Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Not expected to be a reproductive hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity Not classified.

- single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - Respirable crystalline silica: May cause damage to organs (lung) through

repeated exposure prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard. Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation of respirable crystalline silica may be harmful. May cause damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. There are reports in the literature suggesting that excessive crystalline silica exposure may be associated with autoimmune disorders and other adverse health effects involving the kidney. In particular, the incidence of scleroderma (thickening of the skin caused by swelling and thickening of fibrous tissue) appears to be higher in silicotic individuals. To date, the evidence does not conclusively determine a causal relationship between silica exposure and these adverse health effects.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. Discharging sand and gravel dust and

fines into waters may increase total suspended particulate (TSP) levels that can be

harmful to certain aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradabilityNot applicable.Bioaccumulative potentialNot applicable.Mobility in soilNot applicable.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g., ozone depletion, photochemical ozone

creation potential, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Do not allow fine particulate matter to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate

ponds, waterways or ditches with fine particulates. Dispose of contents in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Waste from residues / Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

unused products product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty packaging materials should be recycled or disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations and practices.

Section 14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

Not applicable.

Section 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Yes

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

US state regulations

Not regulated.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Respirable Tridymite and Cristobalite (other forms of crystalline silica) (CAS Mixture)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Respirable Tridymite and Cristobalite (other forms of crystalline silica) (CAS Mixture)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Respirable Tridymite and Cristobalite (other forms of crystalline silica) (CAS Mixture)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue (mm/dd/yyyy) : 06/01/2015

Version : 1

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. Pete Lien & Sons, Inc. believes that the information contained in this SDS is accurate. The suggested precautions and recommendations are based on recognized good work practices and experience as of the date of publication. They are not necessarily all-inclusive or fully adequate in every circumstance as not all use circumstances can be anticipated. The suggestions should not be confused with nor followed in violation of applicable laws, regulation, rules or insurance requirement.

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